

<u>Cultural Requirements – Encyclia</u>

Pronounced: en-SIK-lee-ah | Tribe: Epidendreae | Subtribe: Laeliinae



Encyclia is a genus of orchids first described by Hooker in 1828, with Encyclia viridiflora as the type species. The genus has seen many changes over time, including the movement of many species to the genus **Prosthechea** by Higgins in 1997. Encyclias are known for their variability in size and their unique lip that enfolds the column, a feature reflected in their name, derived from the Greek word 'enkyklein'. Common species include **Encyclia cordigera**, **Encyclia cochleata** (now **Prosthechea cochleata**), **Encyclia tampense**, and **Encyclia alata**. As of 2007, there are 147

recognized species distributed from Florida to Argentina.

Temperature: Maintain a warm to intermediate environment.

Light: Provide bright light for optimal growth of most species.

Water-Humidity: Keep medium humidity levels. Allow potted roots to dry out between waterings.

Fertilizer: Use balanced fertilizer without a specific rest period.

Potting: Species thrive when mounted on cork or potted in a medium-sized mix suitable for the grower's conditions. Plastic or clay pots are suitable, and if high humidity and adequate moisture are ensured, plants can excel in baskets.

References: American Orchid Society via aos.org

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